

RECYCLABLES LIST

MATERIAL

RECYCLE

DO NOT RECYCLE



Beverage Cans and
Clean Aluminum Foil

No pots, pans, solid non-foil
aluminum, knives, forks, small
appliances, foil juice boxes



Food cans made of Steel or
Aerosol Cans (*empty only please*)

Cardboard cans with metal rims,
containers with hazardous residue
such as paint, oven cleaner or
medical waste (i.e., syringes)



Glass Food and Beverage
Containers (clear, green or amber)

Ceramics, mirrors, drinking
glasses or Pyrex, containers with
hazardous residue or medical
waste, broken glass or light bulbs



All Plastic Cups and Containers
Plastic Bottles, Jugs, Jars

Tupperware, Rubbermaid, toys,
Styrofoam, plastic bags, motor oil
containers, unmarked containers,
5-gallon buckets, containers with
hazardous residue such as lawn,
garden or pool care items



Corrugated Cardboard
Corrugated is easy to recognize.
It is made of paper and has an arched
layer, called "fluting," between smooth
sheets, called "liner." The corrugated
most commonly used to make boxes has
one layer of fluting between two smooth
sheets. (i.e. packing boxes)

Wax-coated boxes, soiled boxes,
Lightweight, uncorrugated cardboard
(i.e. gift boxes, shoe and cereal boxes)



Junk Mail, Magazines, Catalogs,
Mixed Paper, Brown Paper Bags

Plastic bags, carbon paper, blue prints,
text books, rubber bands



Newspaper and Inserts
Brown Paper Bags

Soiled newspapers, plastic bags, plastic
string or wire, rubber bands
(Do not set out loose newspapers)

RECYCLING TIPS

1. Make sure all recyclable materials are clean, dry and empty.
2. Break down any cardboard boxes.
3. Place newspapers or paper items in brown paper bag or bundle them up with twine.
4. Do not use your curby can for any non-recyclables. That includes grass and yard or food waste.
5. If extra curby can is needed, please call 631-475-4300, option 4, for Department of Public Works.